

SAFETY DATA SHEET in accordance with REACH (1907/2006/EC, as amended by 2015/830/EU)					
Revision date: 15 Februa	ary 2020	Initial date of issue:	15 February 2020	SDS No.	472B-1
SECTION 1: IDENTIFICAT	ON OF THE SUE	<b>BSTANCE/MIXTURE AN</b>	D OF THE COMPANY/U	NDERTAKING	
<b>1.1. Product identifier</b> ARC S5 (Part B)					
1.2. Relevant identified use	es of the substa	nce or mixture and uses	advised against		
Combined with ARC S5 (Par	t A), for use as a	thin film coating on prope	erly prepared surfaces for	r high temperatu	re applications.
1.3. Details of the supplier	of the safety da	ta sheet			
Company: A.W. CHESTERTON COMP 860 Salem Street Groveland, MA 01834-1507, Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax (Mon Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM E SDS requests: <u>www.chestert</u> E-mail (SDS questions): <u>Pro</u> E-mail: <u>customer.service@cc</u>	ANY USA :: +1 978-469-67 ST) <u>ton.com</u> <u>ductSDSs@ches</u> <u>hesterton.com</u>	Supp 85 terton.com	lier:		
EU: Chesterton International D85737 Ismaning, Germany	GmbH, Am Lenz – Tel. +49-89-99	enfleck 23, 6-5460			
1.4. Emergency telephone	number				
24 hours per day, 7 days per Call Infotrac: +1 352-323-35	week 00 (collect)				
SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDE	ENTIFICATION				
2.1. Classification of the su	ubstance or mix	ture			
2.1.1. Classification accord Acute toxicity, Category 4, H Skin corrosion, Category 1A. Serious eye damage, Categor Skin sensitization, Category Specific target organ toxicity Hazardous to the aquatic en	31ng to Regulation 302/312/332 , H314 ory 1, H318 1, H317 – single exposur- vironment, Chron	e, Category 3, H335 ic, Category 3, H412	LPJ		
2.1.2. Additional information	on				
For full text of H-statements:	see SECTIONS	2.2 and 16.			
2.2. Label elements					
Labelling according to Reg	gulation (EC) No	1272/2008 [CLP]			
Hazard pictograms:		>			
Signal word:	Danger				
Hazard statements:	H302/312/332 H314 H317 H335 H412	<ul> <li>Harmful if swallowed, ir</li> <li>Causes severe skin but</li> <li>May cause an allergic s</li> <li>May cause respiratory i</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life v</li> </ul>	contact with skin or if in ns and eye damage. kin reaction. rritation. vith long lasting effects.	haled.	

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Precautionary statements:	P260 P264 P273 P280 P301/330/331 P303/361/353 P305/351/338 P310 P330 P310 P333/313	Do not breathe mist/vapours. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P333/313 P363 P403/233	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

# Supplemental information: None

# 2.3. Other hazards

The safety and health hazards are detailed separately for Part A and Part B. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Upon machining, refer to the precautions in the safety data sheets for Part A and Part B.

SECTION 3: CO	SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
3.2. Mixtures						
Hazardous Ingr	redients <sup>1</sup>		% Wt.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP Classification
1,2-Cyclohexane	ediamine		85-95	694-83-7 211-776-7	NA	Acute Tox. 4, H302/312/332 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
4,4'-Methylenebi	is(cyclohexyla	mine)	1-7	1761-71-3 217-168-8	NA	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (liver, muscles)
3-Aminomethyl-3 trimethylcyclohe	3,5,5- xylamine		1-7	2855-13-2 220-666-8	NA	Acute Tox. 4, H302/312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Diethylmethylbe	nzenediamine		1-<2.5	68479-98-1 270-877-4	NA	Acute Tox. 4, H302/312 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 (pancreas) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M-factor acute/chronic = 1)
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
For full text of H	-statements: s	ee SECTION	N 16.			
<sup>1</sup> Classified accord	ling to: 1272/20	008/EC, REAC	СН			
SECTION 4: FI	RST AID MEA	SURES				
4.1. Description	n of first aid n	neasures				
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.					
Skin contact:	: Flood area with water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Contact physician immediately.					
Eye contact:	Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Contact physician immediately.					
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact physician immediately.					
<b>Protection of first-aiders:</b> No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with the product while providing aid to the victim. Do not breathe mist/vapours. See section 8.2.2 for recommendations on personal protective equipment.						

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. High vapor concentrations and mist can cause severe eye and respiratory tract irritation. May cause skin sensitization as evidenced by rashes or hives. If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water spray

## Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water jets

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. May generate: ammonia gas, toxic nitrogen oxide gases, carbon monoxide. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus and complete fire service protective equipment.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid skin contact. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Keep away from sources of ignition. If removal of ignition sources is not possible, then flush material away with water.

## **6.2. Environmental Precautions**

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. Do not contaminate with sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents, which could cause the formation of cancer-causing nitrosamine. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Contaminated leather including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be discarded. Avoid creating and breathing dust during removal, drilling, grinding, sawing or sanding.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated area. Keep from freezing. Do not store near food or feed.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	ACGI	H TLV <sup>1</sup>	UK WEL <sup>2</sup>	
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
1,2-Cyclohexanediamine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-Methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Diethylmethylbenzenediamine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1</sup> American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values

<sup>2</sup> EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive

## **Biological limit values**

Not available

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

# Workers (Source: GESTIS)

Substance	Route of exposure	Potential health effects	DNEL
1,2-Cyclohexanediamine	Inhalation	Chronic effects, local	0.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
4,4'-Methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Inhalation	Chronic effects, systemic	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	Inhalation	Chronic effects, local	0.073 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
trimethylcyclohexylamine			_
Diethylmethylbenzenediamine	Inhalation	Chronic effects, systemic	0.13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

# Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Not available

# 8.2. Exposure controls

# 8.2.1. Engineering measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas. If necessary, provide local exhaust. If it is necessary to alter the final cured product such that dust may be generated, use adequate dust extraction or damp down.

# 8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection:	Use positive pressure, supplied-air respirators if there is a potential for uncontrolled release, if exposure levels are unknown, or under circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Protective gloves:	Chemical resistant gloves (e.g., nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene, PVC)
Eye and face protection:	Full face shield with goggles underneath.
Other:	Impervious clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.
8.2.3. Environmental expo	sure controls
Defende estime Cond 40	

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	viscous liquid	Odour		
Colour	light brown	Odour threshold		
Initial boiling point	191°C (376°F)	Vapour pressure @ 20°C		
Melting point	not determined	% Aromatics by weight		

% Volatile (by volume)noneFlash point70°CMethodcomp.Viscosity10 cp.Autoignition temperature340°CDecomposition temperature>300°Upper/lower flammabilitynot deor explosive limitsFlammability (solid, gas)9.2. Other informationnot ap

191°C (376°F) not determined none 70°C (158°F) component data 10 cps @ 25°C 340°C (644°F) >300°C (>572°F) not determined not applicable Odour threshold Vapour pressure @ 20°C % Aromatics by weight pH Relative density Coefficient (water/oil) Vapour density (air=1) Rate of evaporation (ether=1) Solubility in water Explosive properties Oxidising properties amine not determined 51.6 Pa @ 20°C none not applicable 0.97 kg/l < 1 > 1 < 1 miscible not determined

not determined

None

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids and strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen. Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possibly creating an explosion. Do not contaminate with sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitric acid, NOx, Ammonia, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, nitrosamines and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGI	CAL INFORMATION			
11.1. Information on toxicol	ogical effects			
Primary route of exposure under normal use:	Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing allergies and skin and eye disorders may be aggravated by exposure.			
Acute toxicity -				
Oral:	Harmful if swallowed. ATE-mix = 1053.7 as well as a danger of perforation of the o	mg/kg. If ingested, seve besophagus and the sto	ere burns of the mouth and throat, omach.	
	Substance	Test	Result	
	1,2-Cyclohexanediamine	LD50, rat	1170 mg/kg	
	4,4'-Methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	LD50, rat	625 mg/kg	
	3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	LD50, rat	1030 mg/kg	
	Diethylmethylbenzenediamine	LD50, rat	485 mg/kg	
Dermal:	Harmful in contact with skin. ATE-mix = 1	814.3 mg/kg.		
	Substance	Test	Result	
	1,2-Cyclohexanediamine	LD50, rat	1870 mg/kg	
	4,4'-Methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	LD50, rabbit	2110 mg/kg	
	3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	LD50, rabbit	1840 mg/kg	
	Diethylmethylbenzenediamine	cATpE	1100 mg/kg	

Inhalation:	Harmful if inhaled (aerosol/mist). ATE-mix	= 1.36 mg/l (aerosol/mist).		
	Substance	Test	Result	
	1,2-Cyclohexanediamine	LCLo, rat, 4 h	3.2 mg/l (mist/vapor)	
	1,2-Cyclohexanediamine	LC50, rat, 4 h	1.225 (mist/vapor, analytical, similar material)	
	3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	LC50, rat, 4 h	> 5.01 mg/l (mist, analytical)	
	Diethylmethylbenzenediamine	LC50, rat, 1 h	> 2.45 mg/l (mist)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Causes severe burns.			
	Substance	Test	Result	
	3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	Skin irritation, rabbit	Corrosive	
Serious eye damage/ irritation:	Causes serious eye damage.			
	Substance	Test	Result	
	1,2-Cyclohexanediamine	Eye irritation, rabbit	Corrosive	
	3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	Eye irritation, rabbit (OECD 405)	Corrosive	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	May cause skin sensitization as evidenced	by rashes or hives.		
	Substance	Test	Result	
	3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	Skin sensitization, guinea pig (OECD 406)	Sensitizing	
Germ cell mutagenicity:	1,2-Cyclohexanediamine, 3-Aminomethyl-3 the classification criteria are not met.	5,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamin	e: based on available data,	
Carcinogenicity:	This product contains no carcinogens as lis (IARC) or the European Chemicals Agency	sted by the International Ager ( (ECHA).	ncy for Research on Cance	
Reproductive toxicity:	3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylan	nine: not expected to cause t	oxicity.	
STOT – single exposure:	May cause respiratory irritation.			
STOT – repeated exposure:	4,4'-Methylenebis(cyclohexylamine): may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed (liver, muscles). Diethylmethylbenzenediamine: NOEL, pancreas, 2 years, rat, male - 35 ppm; female - 70 ppm. 1,2-Cyclohexanediamine, 3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine: not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure.			
Aspiration hazard:	Not classified due to lack of data.			
Other information:	None known			
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL	INFORMATION			
Ecotoxicological data have not	been determined energifically for this produce	t The information diven hele	wie baead an a knowladga	

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

# 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Diethylmethylbenzenediamine: 48 h EC50 (for daphnia) = 0.5 mg/l; 48 h LC50 (Leuciscus idus) = 194 mg/l.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Unreacted components (Parts A and B), improperly released to the environment, can cause ground and water pollution. 1,2-Cyclohexanediamine: readily biodegradable (OECD 301D, 17 days). 4,4'-Methylenebis(cyclohexylamine), Diethylmethylbenzenediamine: expected to be resistant to biodegradation.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

4,4'-Methylenebis(cyclohexylamine): low potential for bioaccumulation (bioconcentration factor < 100, estimated). 1,2-Cyclohexanediamine: bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is not expected to be significant (log Kow < -0.9, OECD 107).

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. Miscible in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9).

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. 12.6. Other adverse effects None known SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS 13.1. Waste treatment methods Combine resin and curative. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Unreacted components are a special waste. Incinerate waste product when in liquid form with a properly licensed facility. The unhardened product is classified as a hazardous waste according to 2008/98/EC. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement. SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.1. UN number ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN2735 14.2. UN proper shipping name ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,2-DIAMINOCYCLOHEXANE /4,4'-METHYLENEBISCYCLOHEXANAMINE,METHYLIMIDAZOLE, 1-) 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 14.4. Packing group ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: Ш 14.5. Environmental hazards NO ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS 14.6. Special precautions for user NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code NOT APPLICABLE 14.8. Other information IMDG: EmS F-A, S-B, IMDG segregation group 18-Alkalis ADR: Classification code C7, Tunnel restriction code (E) SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1.1. EU regulations Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable Restrictions under Title VIII: None **Other EU regulations:** Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. 15.1.2. National regulations National implementation of the EC Directive referred to in section 15.1.1. 15.2. Chemical safety assessment No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: 01	THER INF	ORMATION		
Abbreviations	ADN: E	uropean Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways		
and acronyms:	ADR: E	uropean Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road		
	ATE: Ad	ute Toxicity Estimate		
	BCF: Bi	oconcentration Factor		
	cATpE:	Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate		
	CLP: CI	assification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)		
	GHS: G	lobally Harmonized System		
	ICAO: II	iternational Civil Aviation Organization		
	IMDG: I	nternational Maritime Dangerous Goods		
	LC50: L	ethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population		
	LD50: L	ethal Dose to 50% of a test population		
		.owest Observed Ellect Level		
	N/A: Not Applicable			
		No Observed Effect Concentration		
	NOFL 1	No Observed Effect Level		
	OFCD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development		
	PBT: Pe	ersistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance		
	(Q)SAR	: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship		
	REACH	: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)		
	REL: Re	ecommended Exposure Limit		
	RID: Re	gulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail		
	SDS: Sa	afety Data Sheet		
	STEL: S	3hort Term Exposure Limit		
	STOT F	E: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure		
	STOT S	E: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure		
	TDG: TI	ansportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)		
		ime Weighted Average		
		: United States Department of Transportation		
		ery Persistent and very bioaccumulative substance		
		Workplace Exposure Limit		
	Other al	bhreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org		
	- Ourier al			
Key literature ref	erences	Commission des normes, de l'equite, de la sante et de la securite du travail (CNESST)		
and sources for	data:	Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)		
		European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals		
		National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)		
		Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)		
		U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)		
Procedure used	to derive	the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]:		
Classification		Classification procedure		
Skin Corr. 1B, H	314	Calculation method		
Eye Dam. 1, H3	18	Calculation method		
Acute Tox. 4, H3	302/312/3	32 Calculation method		
Skin Sens. 1, H3	317	Calculation method		
Aquatic Chronic	3, H412	Calculation method		
Relevant H-state	ments:	H302: Harmful if swallowed.		
		H312: Harmful in contact with skin.		
		H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
		H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
		H318: Causes serious eye damage.		
		H319: Causes serious eye irritation.		
		H332: Harmful if inhaled.		
		H335: May cause respiratory irritation.		
		H373: May cause damage to organs through proionged or repeated exposure.		
		1412. Harmin to aquatic life with long lasting enects.		

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 2.1.1, 2.2, 11, 16.

Further information: None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.