

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with REACH (1907/2006/EC, as amended by 2015/830/EU) 29 CFR 1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015

Revision date: 31 July 2019 Initial date of issue: 27 September 2010 SDS No. 436PA-5

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

ARC NVE PRIMER (Part A)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Resin for ARC CHP and when mixed become a primer for wet or dry concrete. It can be brushed, rolled, sprayed, or squeegeed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Supplier:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY 860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST) SDS requests: www.chesterton.com

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive, Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 – Tel. 905-335-5055 EU: Chesterton International GmbH, Am Lenzenfleck 23, D85737 Ismaning, Germany – Tel. +49-89-996-5460

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect) NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / GHS

Flammable liquid, Category 3, H226 Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 Eye irritation, Category 2, H319

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 3, H335

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361d

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure, Category 1, H372 (hearing, inhalation)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 3, H412

2.1.2. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Flammable liquid, Category 3, H226

Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Eye irritation, Category 2, H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, H335

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361d

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure, Category 1, H372 (hearing, inhalation)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute, Category 2, H401 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 3, H412

2.1.3. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

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2.1.4. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / GHS

Hazard pictograms:







Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P260 Do not breathe vapours/spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P303/361/353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower.

P308/313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P370/378 In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, foam or water fog to extinguish.

P403/235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Supplemental information: Contains Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.2.2. Labelling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Hazard pictograms:







Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements:	P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
_	P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.
	P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
	P242	Use non-sparking tools.
	P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
	P260	Do not breathe vapours/spray.
	P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
	P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
	P303/361/353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
	P304/340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P305/351/338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
		lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P308/313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P370/378	In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, foam or water fog to extinguish.
	P403/235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P405	Store locked up.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Supplemental informations	None	

Supplemental information: None

2.3. Other hazards

The safety and health hazards are detailed separately for Part A and Part B. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORI	MATION ON INGRE	DIENTS		
3.2. Mixtures				
Hazardous Ingredients ¹	% W t.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP/GHS Classification
Styrene	30-40	100-42-5 202-851-5	NA	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 Repr. 2, H361d STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing, inhalation) Aquatic Acute 2, H401* Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Methacrylic acid	<3.5	79-41-4 201-204-4	NA	Flam. Liq. 4, H227* Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3 H311 Acute Tox. 4 H332 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402*
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.01-0.09	136-52-7 205-250-6	NA	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M-factor = 1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

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*Non-CLP classification.

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

¹ Classified according to: • 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F)

• 1272/2008/EC, GHS, REACH

• WHMIS 2015

Safe Work Australia

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Wash skin with soap and water. Material may stick

to skin causing irritation upon removal. Consult physician.

Eye contact: Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with

the product while providing aid to the victim. Do not breathe vapours. See section 8.2.2 for

recommendations on personal protective equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. High vapor concentrations may irritate eyes, respiratory tract and possibly cause dizziness, nausea and other central nervous system effects. Causes damage to hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. If burn is present, treat as a thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote available. Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water fog

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Water may cause frothing. Material may polymerize when container is exposed to heat and polymerization will increase pressure in a closed container which may cause the container to rupture violently.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Flammability Classification: -

HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Z

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid skin contact. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Contain spill to a small area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. If removal of ignition sources is not possible, then flush material away with water. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal. Remove residual with hot soapy water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment, Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Do not breathe vapours/spray. Avoid skin contact. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid creating and breathing dust during removal, drilling, grinding, sawing or sanding.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store below 24°C (75°F). Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Vapors may polymerize to cause plugs in vents and relief devices.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	OSHA ppm	PEL ¹ mg/m ³	ACGII ppm	H TLV ² mg/m ³	UK V ppm	VEL ³ mg/m ³	AUSTRA ppm	LIA ES ⁴ mg/m ³
Styrene	100 Ceiling: 200 Peak: 600 (5 min in any 3 hr)	-	20 STEL: 40	-	100 STEL: 250	430 STEL: 1080	50 STEL: 100	213 426
Methacrylic acid	N/A	N/A	20	-	20 STEL: 40	72 143	20	70
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	(dust/fum e, as Co)	0.1	-	N/A	(as Co)	0.1	(dust/fum e, as Co)	0.05

Biological limit values

Styrene:

Control parameter	Biological specimen	Sampling Time	Limit value	Basis	Notes
Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Urine	End of shift	400 mg/g creatinine	ACGIH	Nonspecific
Styrene	Urine	End of shift	0.04 mg/l	ACGIH	_

¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits

² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values

³ EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive

⁴ Safe Work Australia, Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants

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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Workers

Substance	Route of exposure	Potential health effects	DNEL
Styrene	Inhalation	Acute effects, local	306 mg/m ³
		Acute effects, systemic	289 mg/m ³
		Chronic effects, systemic	85 mg/m ³
	Dermal	Chronic effects, systemic	406 mg/kg
			bw/day
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	Chronic effects, local	88 mg/m ³
		Chronic effects, systemic	29.6 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Substance	Environmental protection target	PNEC
Styrene	Fresh water	0.028 mg/l
	Marine water	0.014 mg/l
	Water, intermittent release	0.04 mg/l
	Freshwater sediments	0.614 mg/kg dry wt.
	Marine sediments	0.307 mg/kg dry wt.
	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	5 mg/l
	Soil (agricultural)	0.2 mg/kg dry wt.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate explosion-proof ventilation.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. In case of insufficient ventilation, utilize an approved organic vapor respirator

(e.g., EN filter type A). During spraying, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g. Viton*, neoprene, nitrile). *DuPont's registered trademark.

Styrene:

Contact type	Glove material	Layer thickness	Breakthrough time *
Full	Viton	0.70 mm	> 480 min.
Splash	Nitrile rubber	0.40 mm	> 30 min.

^{*}Determined according to EN374 standard.

Eye and face protection: Safety goggles.

Other: Impervious clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact. Remove contaminated clothing and wash

before reuse.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

aromatic Physical state Odour syrup clear to brownish not determined Colour **Odour threshold** Initial boiling point 145°C (293°F) Vapour pressure @ 20°C 4.5 mm Hg **Melting point** not determined % Aromatics by weight 12.8% % Volatile (by volume) 16% not applicable

Flash point 31°C (87.6°F) Relative density 1.093 kg/l Method PM Closed Cup Weight per volume 9.09 lbs/gal. Viscosity 200-500 cps @ 25°C Coefficient (water/oil) < 1 **Autoignition temperature** 490°C (914°F) Vapour density (air=1) > 1

Autoignition temperature 490°C (914°F) Vapour density (air=1) > 1

Decomposition temperature not determined Rate of evaporation (ether=1) < 1

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Solubility in water insoluble

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable Oxidising properties not determined Explosive properties not determined

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Elevated temperatures can cause hazardous polymerization (> 77°C, 170°F). Polymerization can be initiated by sunlight and ultraviolet light. Vapors may polymerize to cause plugs in vents and relief devices.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces. Avoid direct sunlight or ultraviolet sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing skin, eye and lung disorders are under normal use:

Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing skin, eye and lung disorders are generally aggravated by exposure.

Acute toxicity -

Oral: ATE-mix = 6,470 mg/kg

Substance	Test	Result
Styrene	LD50, rat	2,650 mg/kg
Methacrylic acid	LD50, rat	1,320 mg/kg

Dermal: ATE-mix = 14,327 mg/kg

Substance	Test	Result
Styrene	LD50, rat	> 2,000 mg/kg
Methacrylic acid	LD50, rabbit	500 - 1,000 mg/kg

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Inhalation: High vapor concentrations may irritate eyes, respiratory tract and possibly cause dizziness, nausea

and other central nervous system effects.

ATE-mix = 34.76 mg/l (vapor) ATE-mix = 42.98 mg/l (aerosol)

Substance	Test	Result
Styrene	LC50, rat, 4 hours	11.8 mg/l (vapor)
Methacrylic acid	LC50, rat, 4 hours	7.1 mg/l
	(OECD 403)	(aerosol/vapor)
Methacrylic acid	cATpE	1.5 mg/l (aerosol)

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.

Substance	Test	Result
Styrene	Skin irritation, rabbit	Moderate irritation
Methacrylic acid	Skin irritation, rabbit (OECD 404)	Corrosive

Serious eye damage/ irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Styrene	Eye irritation, rabbit	Moderate irritation
Methacrylic acid	Eye irritation, rabbit	Corrosive
·	(OFCD 405)	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Substance	Test	Result
Styrene	Skin sensitization, guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	
Methacrylic acid	Skin sensitization, guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	_

Germ cell mutagenicity: Styrene, Methacrylic acid: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Styrene is considered a potential carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer

(IARC) and the National Toxicology Program (NTP). IARC states that cobalt compounds are

possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B).

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child (Styrene).

STOT – single exposure: May cause respiratory irritation (Styrene, Methacrylic acid).

STOT - repeated exposure: Lab animals exposed to Styrene showed hearing loss and liver, kidney and central nervous system

effects.

Aspiration hazard: Not expected to be an aspiration toxicant based on viscosity.

Other information: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Styrene: toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis [48 h EC50 (for daphnia): 4.7 mg/l]; harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects (chronic NOEC, Daphnia magna, 21 days: 1.01 mg/l). Methacrylic acid: 72 h EC50 (for algae), 45 mg/l.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Styrene: 80% biodegradable (OECD 301D, 20 days); readily biodegradable. Methacrylic acid: 86% biodegradable (OECD 301D, 28 days); readily biodegradable. Styrene, Methacrylic acid: oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Styrene: not expected to bioaccumulate (log Kow = 0.35). Methacrylic acid: not expected to bioaccumulate (log Kow = 0.93).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Paste. Insoluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). Styrene: expected to exhibit low mobility in soil (500 < Koc < 2000). Methacrylic acid: expected to have very high mobility in soils (Koc = 15).

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Combine resin and curative. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Landfill sealed containers with a properly licensed facility. Unreacted components are a special waste (classified as hazardous according to 2008/98/EC). May be incinerated at an appropriate facility. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN1866
TDG: UN1866
US DOT: UN1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: RESIN SOLUTION RESIN SOLUTION RESIN SOLUTION RESIN SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 3 TDG: 3 US DOT: 3

14.4. Packing group

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: III
TDG: III
US DOT: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

US DOT: ERG NO. 128

May be shipped as Limited Quantities in packaging having a rated capacity gross weight of 66 lb. or less and in inner packages not over 5 Liters (49 CFR 173.150(b,3)).

IMDG: EmS F-E, S-E

ADR: Classification code F1, Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU regulations

Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable

Restrictions under Title VIII: None

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Other EU regulations: Directive 92/85/EEC on the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have

recently given birth or are breastfeeding.

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (hazard

category P5, Flammable Liquids; qualifying quantities: 5,000 t, 50,000 t).

15.1.2. National regulations

US EPA SARA TITLE III

312 Hazards: 313 Chemicals:

Flammable liquid Styrene 100-42-5 30-40%

Skin irritation Cobalt compounds 136-52-7 Below de minimis concentration

Eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Other national regulations: National implementations of the EC Directives referred to in section 15.1.1.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods Code

and acronyms: ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate

CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance (Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure

TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TWA: Time Weighted Average

US DOT: United States Department of Transportation vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance

WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST) and sources for data: Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

I sources for data: Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

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Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H227: Combustible liquid. H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318: Causes serious eye damage. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life. H401: Toxic to aquatic life. H402: Harmful to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Flame, health hazard, exclamation mark

Further information: None

Date of last revision: 31 July 2019

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3, 4.1, 4.2, 8.1, 8.2.2, 11, 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 15.1, 16.

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.